

PSTricks

News -- 2022

new macros and bugfixes for the basic package.

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Part I.

pstricks – package

This version of the News was run with `lualatex` *without* using Ghostscript. The PDF file was created in a direkt way by Lua. If you want to try it, then look at <https://github.com/zaguin/luapstricks>.

By default the dots are now taken from a Type1 version of the font file. For lualatex it uses the OpenType version.

The dot part is now in an own file `pstricks-dots.tex`.

1. pstricks.sty

The optional argument `gsfonts` can be used to load only the symbol font from GhostScript. Otherwise the one from URW or the system is used, which is the default.

2. pstricks.tex (v. 3.13 – 2022/01/09)

2.1. Presetting of dimen for circles

Some years ago the behaviour changed and `dimen=middle` was preset for circles and ovals. It is now reverted to the old behaviour where all PSTricks objects have the presetting `dimen=outer`.

2.2. Coordinates

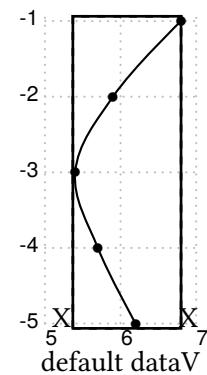
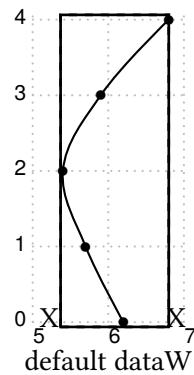
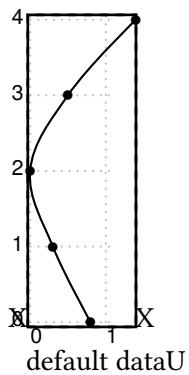
By default the coordinates $(10,10)$ are used if the environment `pspicture` is called without any given coordinates. This behaviour can be changed if you are running the document with `lualatex`. Then you can use the optional argument `calcframe` to allow the internal calculation of the box width and height. it needs two `lualatex` runs to get the coordinates. The values are written into a file `\jobname-<No>.psaux` and read in the next run.

With the optional argument `margin` it is possible to add white space to the calculated coordinates. The keyword must be set with the command `\psset` *before* the environment `pspicture`, otherwise it is too late.

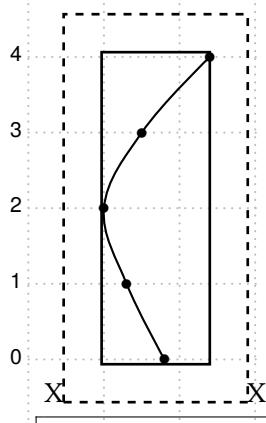
- `margin=5mm` will add 5mm on all sides of the box.
- `margin={5mm,1cm}` will add 5mm on the left side and 1cm on the lower side of the box.
- `margin={2mm,3,4,5pt}` will add 2mm on the left, 3`\psunit` at the bottom, 4`\psunit` on the right and 5pt on the top of the box. With the optional argument `showframe` the calculated box coordinates can be visible. Additional white space is marked by a box with dashed lines.

Without a given unit all values are used with the current defined PSTricks unit.
But remember that this will only work with `lualatex`.

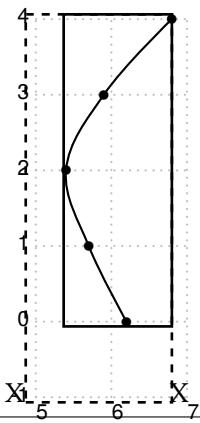
The following example shows the same curve, but with different coordinates.



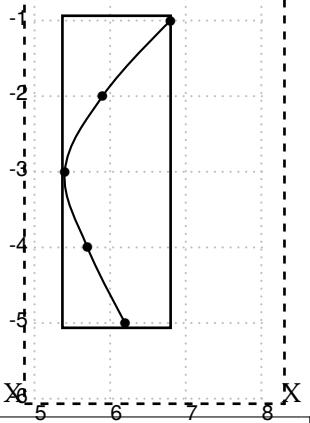
margin=0.5



margin=0.5 1



margin=5mm,1,15mm,2



```

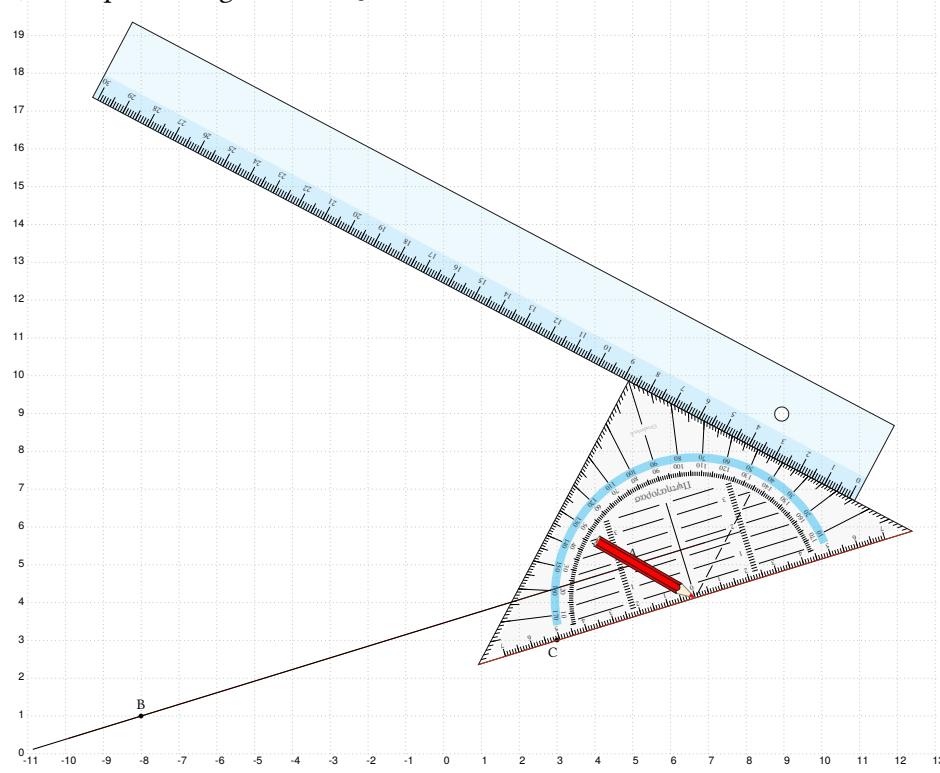
\def\dataV{6.1 8 -1 5.9 -2 5.4 -3 5.7 -4 6.2 -5} % original
\def\dataW{6.8 4 5.9 3 5.4 2 5.7 1 6.2 0} % x>= 0
\def\dataU{1.4 4 0.5 3 0 2 0.3 1 0.8 0} % x>=0 und y>=0
\psset{calcframe,showframe}% must be set before pspicture
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid]
    \listplot[plotstyle=curve, showpoints]{\dataU} \rput(1,-0.5){default dataU}
\end{pspicture}X \hfill X%
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid]
    \listplot[plotstyle=curve, showpoints]{\dataW} \rput(6,-0.5){default dataW}
\end{pspicture}X \hfill X%
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid]
    \listplot[plotstyle=curve, showpoints]{\dataV} \rput(6,-5.5){default dataV}
\end{pspicture}X

\vspace{1cm}
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid,margin=0.5]
    \listplot[plotstyle=curve, showpoints]{\dataU} \rput(1,1.5){margin=0.5}
\end{pspicture}X \hfill X%
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid,margin={0.5,1}]
    \listplot[plotstyle=curve, showpoints]{\dataW} \rput(6,4.5){margin={0.5 1}}
\end{pspicture}X \hfill X%
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid,margin={5mm,1,15mm,2}]
    \listplot[plotstyle=curve, showpoints]{\dataV} \rput(6,-0.5){margin={5mm,1,15mm,2}}
\end{pspicture}X

```

Only PSTricks objects are taken into account for calculating the bounding box. All stuff which is placed on TeX-level like any text with for example `\rput` cannot not

be used for calculating the correct coordinates. With setting additional whitespace with the optional argument `margin` the `boxsize` can be modified.



```
\psscalebox{0.5}{%
\psset{calcframe}%
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid] % no coordinates are given
\pnode(5,5){A}\uput[90](A){A}
\pnode(-8,1){B}\uput[90](B){B}
\pnode(3,3){C}\uput[250](C){C}
\pcline[linecolor=BrickRed,nodesepA=-2,nodesepB=-2](A)(B)
\psParallel[style=Parallelen,RulerScale=0.75,ProScale=0.75](A)(B)(C)
\pcline[linecolor=BrickRed](GeodrB)(GeodrA)%
\midAB(GeodrB)(GeodrA){M}%
\psPencil[PenLength=5,pencilColA=red,PenScale=0.5]{60}(M)
\end{pspicture}}
```

2.3. Colors

There are two new macros to get the color values:

```
\psgetRGBColorValues{<color macro>}
\psgetCMYKColorValues{<color macro>}
```

An Example:

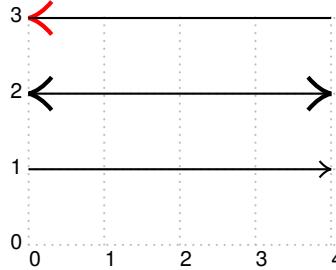
```
1 0.6 0.6
0.4 0.4 0 0
```

```
\psset{linecolor=red!40}
\psgetRGBColorValues{\pslinecolor}

\colorlet{Blue}{cmyk}{blue}
\psset{linecolor=Blue!40}
\psgetCMYKColorValues{\pslinecolor}
```

2.4. Arrows

There are new arrow types and a new optional argument `tipcolor`:



```
\begin{pspicture}[showgrid](4.2,3.25)
\psline{-T>}(0,1)(4,1)
\psline[arrowscale=2]{<T-T>}(0,2)(4,2)
\psline[tipcolor=red,arrowscale=2]{<T-}{}(0,3)(4,3)
\end{pspicture}
```

pstricks defines the following “arrows”:

Value	Example	Name
-	—	None
<->	↔	Arrowheads.
>-<	→←	Reverse arrowheads.
<<->>	↔↔	Double arrowheads.
>>-<<	→→↔↔	Double reverse arrowheads.
-	—	T-bars, flush to endpoints.
*- *	— —	T-bars, centered on endpoints.
[-]	[—]	Square brackets.
] - []—[Reversed square brackets.
(-)	(—)	Rounded brackets.
) - ()—(Reversed rounded brackets.
o-o	○—○	Circles, centered on endpoints.
-	●—●	Disks, centered on endpoints.
00-00	○○—○○	Circles, flush to endpoints.
-	●—●	Disks, flush to endpoints.
<->	◀▶	T-bars and arrows.
>-<	▶◀	T-bars and reverse arrows.
h-h	↖↗	left/right hook arrows.
H-H	↙↗	left/right hook arrows.
v-v	↙↗	left/right inside vee arrows.
V-V	↙↗	left/right outside vee arrows.
f-f	↖↗	left/right inside filled arrows.
F-F	↖↗	left/right outside filled arrows.
t-t	↖↘↗↖↘↗	left/right inside slash arrows.
T-T	↖↘↗↖↘↗	left/right outside slash arrows.
<D-D>	↖↖↗↗	curved arrows.
<D<D-D>D>	↖↖↖↖↗↗↗↗	curved doubled arrows.
D>-<D	↖↖↗↗	curved arrows, tip inside.
<T-T>	↖↖↗↗	curved lines.

With version 3.04 all arrow specific base code is moved to the file *pstricks-arrows*, which is not of interest for the default user..

2.5. Symbolfont

Use by default the URW or system symbol font for `\psdot`. This can be changes by using the optional argument `gsfonts`:

```
\usepackage[gsfonts]{pstricks}
```

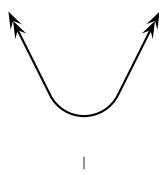
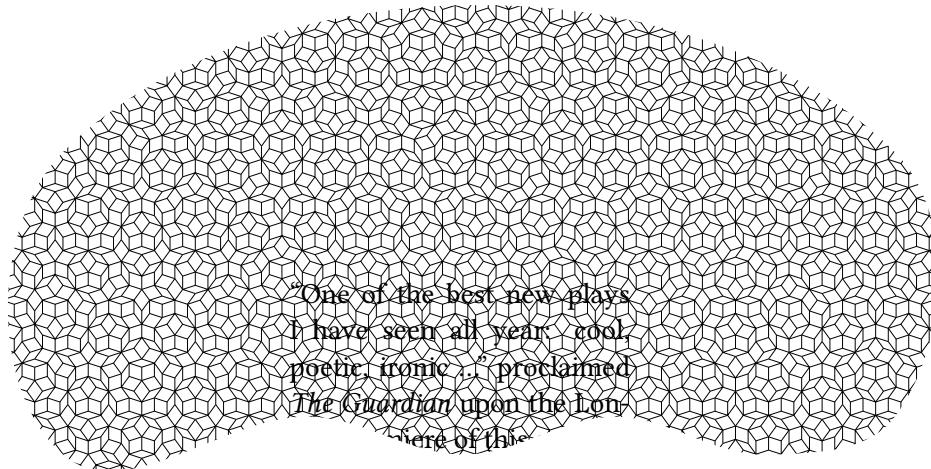
TeX-users have to define the switch and

```
\newif\ifpstGSfonts
\pstGSfontsfals % or true for using GS font

\input pstricks
...
```

2.6. Fillstyle penrose

There was a bug if this fillstyle was used together with a line sequence.



```
\pspicture[showgrid=false](-0.5\linewidth,-4.5)(0.5\linewidth,5)
\rput(0,0){\parbox{4.5cm}{%
\psclip{\psccurve*[linestyle=none,fillstyle=penrose,psscale=.2](-3,-2)
(0.3,-1.5)(2.3,-2)(4.3,-1.5)(6.3,-2)(8,-1.5)(8,2)(-3,2)}
``One of the best new plays I have seen all year: cool, poetic,
ironic \ldots'' proclaimed \emph{The Guardian} upon the London
premiere of this extraordinary play about a Czech director and
his actress wife, confronting exile in America.}}
```

```
\endpsclip}}%
\psline[linearc=0.5cm,showpoints=true,dotstyle=|]{<>->}(-1,-2)(0,-4)(1,-2)
\endpspicture
```

3. **Lua \LaTeX**

Currently one has to use package `auto-pst-pdf-lua` if a document with `PSTricks`-code should be run *directly* with $\text{Lua}\text{\LaTeX}$, without using GhostScript. This version has experimental basic support for the lua package `luapstricks.lua`, available from <https://github.com/zauguin/luapstricks>.

References

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- [2] Laura E. Jackson and Herbert Voß. “Die Plot-Funktionen von `pst-plot`”. In: *DTK* 2/02 (June 2002), pp. 27–34.
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- [4] Herbert Voß. “Die mathematischen Funktionen von Postscript”. In: *DTK* 1/02 (Mar. 2002), pp. 40–47.
- [5] Herbert Voß. *PSTricks – Grafik für $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ und \LaTeX* . 7th ed. Heidelberg and Berlin: DANTE – Lehmanns Media, 2016.
- [6] Herbert Voß. *PSTricks – Graphics for \LaTeX* . 1st ed. Cambridge/UK: UIT, 2011.
- [7] Herbert Voß. *PSTricks Support for pdf*. 2002. URL: <http://PSTricks.tug.org/main.cgi?file=pdf/pdfoutput>.
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- [9] Herbert Voß. *\LaTeX Referenz*. 3rd ed. Heidelberg and Berlin: DANTE – lehmanns media, 2014.
- [10] Michael Wiedmann and Peter Karp. *References for $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$ and Friends*. 2003. URL: <http://www.miwie.org/tex-refs/>.